The Daily Gazetteer.

NUMB. 344

TUESDAY, AUGUST 3. 1736.

No 344.

The Craftſman *prov'd the grand Incendiary.*

THE BRITISH MINISTRY having, by their prudent Conduct, defeated the Hopes of their Enemies, averted the impending Storm and preſerv'd their Country in Tranquility and Peace, while War conſum'd and laid Waſte the greateſt Part of *Europe*; having by the unexampled Lenity of their Adminiſtration, the Juſtice of their Meaſures, and the Steadineſs of their Counſels, triumph'd over the Calumnies and Accuſations of their Adverſaries, it was to be hop'd that all Animoſities would have ſubſided and died away; that Faction herſelf ſeeing her Forces ſo continually routed, would at length have retired from the unequal Fight, and hid her deteſted Head.

IT was with the higheſt Pleaſure, that all good *Engliſhmen* ſaw an *Oppoſition* expiring, which could never ſucceed, but on the Ruins of the Publick, which could never rejoice, but when *Britain* had Cauſe to mourn: We ſaw the Laws, the Government, the Conſtitution of our Country ſtand a fourteen Years Siege, and baffle all the Attacks of the moſt crafty Enemies. *Faction* was defeated in every Shape, and all her Votaries ſeem'd catching their laſt Gaſp, even the Faith of the *Jacobite* fail'd him, and *Fog*, the Leader of the forlorn Crew, retir'd from the Combat in a Fit of Deſpair.

NOTHING was look'd for further, but in what Manner the *Craftſman* would retreat; ſince *every Body* was convinced that Publick Tranquility muſt prove as fatal to his Hopes as to thoſe of the *Jacobite*; for tho' they might differ in their Ends, they were united in the Means of attaining them, and could never expect Succeſs, but in a Time of Confuſion, the Symptoms of the departing, were ſtrong upon him: He often fainted, and his utmoſt Efforts, ſeem'd only the Convulſive Struggles of a Man in his laſt Moments; it was every Day expected when he ſhould give up the Ghoſt, and ceaſe to vex the World any more: But lo! to the Grief and Sorrow of all good Men, he is recovering; the *Rag-fair Rioters* have renewed his Life; and the Reluctancy of *Spain* to finiſh the Work of Peace, has been a Cordial to his Spirits.

SHALL I ſpeak without a Metaphor? Behold then, my *Countrymen*, the Man who ſets up for your Guide and your Leader, your Prophet and your Prieſt; behold him and conſider him well. He tells you, that *Spain* oppoſes the Execution of the Peace; that the Peace is not likely to take ſuch a Turn as was expected, and therefore he has no Room to deſpair. He ſays, there is Reaſon to apprehend, that the growing Power of the *Czarina* may overturn the *Balance of the North*; and therefore he is *far from deſpairing*. *He hears* that the *Emperor* hath a Deſign of eſtabliſhing a new Tariff for *Flanders*; that the Elector *Palatine* is uneaſy, and that the Diſputes about the Evacuation of *Tuſcany* and *Parma* are not decided, and therefore he will not deſpair. '*There ſeems (ſays the Craftſman)* to be ſomething in the preſent State of Affairs, and the Diſpoſition of Mankind, which is very far from making one deſpair, eſpecially if *ſuch a Spirit* is ſhewn, as the *preſent Conjuncture* requires, and *ſuch Opportunities* are taken, as it ſeems to afford.'

THESE are the *Craftſman*'s own Words; and this is to my Countrymen, who calls himſelf a Friend to the *People*, and ſets up for a *Patriot*; believe in him for once, for be aſſured, he now tells you the Truth, when he confeſſes and avows that all his Hopes ariſe from what may prevent the General Tranquility; that all his Views are founded on what may prove injurious to his Country; that nothing keeps him from Deſpair, but the Hopes of Civil Diſunion; you cannot be at a Loſs to know what he would be at, when he profeſſes to rejoice in that Diſpoſition of Mankind, which has ſet Self up againſt all Law and Government, againſt all Peace and Order in Society, which would deſtroy all the Barriers of Liberty, and all the Fences of Property, and ſubmit every Man's Subſtance and Life to the Rapine and Rage of a furious Rabble.

THAT this is the *Craftſman*'s Aim, you cannot doubt, when you hear him ſounding the Trumpet of Rebellion, and ſtirring up the People to Civil Rage: when you hear him exhorting his diſſolute, intoxicated Mob, not to be diſheartened at the Smallneſs of their Number; when they are bid to remember, that nothing is more common than for vaſt Armies to be defeated by inconſiderable Numbers, when they are put in Mind of the Battles of *Marathon*, *Thermopylæ*, and *Agincourt*; and leſt their Thoughts ſhould carry them from Home, are taught that Conqueſts over the *Civil Powers* are to be gain'd in the ſame Manner; the Revolt of the *Netherlands*, and the Revolution of *Portugal*, our *own Revolution*, and the *Struggles of the Corſicans*, are all ſet before their Eyes; and can you think, *Britains*, that theſe Things are done with any other View, than to rouze the Spirit of Rebellion, and overturn the Liberties of *England*? Or, as the *Craftſman* phraſes it, that ſuch a Spirit may be ſhewn as the *preſent Conjuncture* requires, and *ſuch Opportunities* taken as it ſeems to afford.

YOU know, *my fellow Countrymen*, that we are at Peace with all abroad, and all abroad at Peace with us; you know that we can have no Occaſion for any ſuch Exhortations, not to deſpair on Account of our Numbers, or to be put in Mind that a handful of Men may defeat prodigious Forces: You know too, before the late moſt wicked and monſtrous Inſults on the Laws and Government of this Nation, before the late Riots and Tumults, the *Craftſman* boaſted nothing of the Diſpoſitions of Mankind, which keep him from Deſpair, of the *Opportunities* that may be taken, and the Spirit that ſhould be ſhewn in the preſent Conjuncture.

YOU are ſure then, that it is in that *Spirit* of *Anarchy*, that Oppoſition to all Rule, all Law, and all Government, which has broke out in ſo flagrant a Manner, that the *Craftſman*'s Hopes are plac'd; it is from Riots and lawleſs Aſſemblies, that his Opportunities are to be taken.

THIS is to be the Exchange, this the *Faction*'s boaſted Liberty, a Liberty from the Laws, a Liberty from Government and Order, a Liberty for every Man to do as he liſteth; but under this Liberty, you will remember, *Britons*, that there will be no Safety of Perſon, no Security of Property or of Life; but all that is dear to you yourſelves, your Subſtance, your Wives and your Daughters, all will be at the Mercy of a barbarous, bruiſh Rabble: You will not therefore heſitate a Moment on which Side your Happineſs lies, or which is moſt for your Intereſt, to enjoy Security, Peace and Plenty; to be under the Protection of Law, Liberty, Government, and *King George*; or have nothing before your Eyes but Horror, Confuſion and Anarchy, to be the Prey of Diſſolute Mobs, intoxicated with Gin, and the *Craftſman*.

NO: I rejoice exceedingly, to ſee every where that honeſt Indignation riſe which becomes the Breaſt of a *Briton* and a *Freeman*, when the Laws are deſpis'd, and the Conſtitution inſulted; and I doubt not but it will every Day increaſe, to the intire Defeat of all the *Craftſman*'s Hopes, to the Prevention of all the *Opportunities* which he promiſes himſelf from that Contempt of the Legiſlature, which his own Hand hath planted. I doubt not but it will riſe till it falls down in Puniſhment on his Head, to whom, on this Account, the whole Weight of national Vengeance is due, as the Fountain of Sedition, and Author of the Spirit of Anarchy.

BRITANNUS.

L O N D O N.

Yeſterday arrived a Mail from Holland.

They write from Petersburg, that the Gariſon of Aſoph, conſiſting of 3000 Men, including 1750 Janizaries, was to be conducted to Cuban, after it had engaged upon Oath, not to ſerve againſt Ruſſia for a Year; that 300 Cannon were found in the Place, of which 200 were Braſs, an extraordinary Quantity of Gunpowder and other Ammunition and Proviſions, and that half of Velt Marſhal Laſcy's Army was to be tranſported by Water to the Crim Tartary, to enable the Count de Munich to finiſh the Conqueſt of that Country.

At Vienna, they have certain Articles current, which if comply'd with, 'tis affirmed that the Court of Ruſſia will not make War againſt the Turks. I. That Aſoph ſhall continue in the Hands of Ruſſia. II. That the Tartars who are under the Protection of that Power, ſhall dwell there. III. That Crim Tartary ſhall be Tributary to Ruſſia. IV. That the Navigation of the Black Sea ſhall be free for the Ruſſian Subjects. V. That a new Regulation ſhall be made of the Limits of the two Empires. VI. That Ruſſia ſhall be included in the Treaties of Peace to be made between the Porte and Perſia.

The 17th Inſt. O. S. being the Anniverſary of the Birth of the Empreſs, the Dutcheſs of Lorains Pregnancy will then be proclaim'd at Court.

His Britanick Majeſty has diſpatched a Courier from Hanover to Conſtantinople, with an Anſwer to the Letter which the Grand Vizier wrote to his Majeſty, touching the Rupture between the Porte and Ruſſia. At the ſame Time Inſtructions are ſent to Sir Everard Faulkner, the King's Ambaſſador at Conſtantinople, how to behave in the Mediation of the Differences between thoſe two Powers.

We hear that the Princeſs Donna Frances Joſepha, Siſter of his Portugueſe Majeſty, is dead at Lisbon, in the 37th Year of her Age.

'Tis affirm'd from Rome, that the Pope has wrote a Circular Letter to all the Catholic Princes of the Empire, exhorting them not to conſent to the Abolition of the Clauſe about Religion, inſerted in the 4th Article of the Treaty of Ryſwic; and that he has order'd his Nuncio at Vienna, to make the ſtrongeſt Remonſtrances on that Head to his Imperial Majeſty.

There's Advice from Smyrna, that the Engliſh Captain Dyck, who landed Baron Theodore in Corſica, ſhot himſelf dead with a Piſtol, upon the News that his Majeſty had ordered him to be apprehended. The Corſican Rebels, inſtead of beſieging Baſtia, have not ſo much as block'd it up; and the moſt they do, is to advance now and then to the Neighbourhood to raiſe Contributions. As for that Body of Rebels which had block'd up Algajola, they were attack'd ſo vigorouſly by the Gariſon, that they were forced to fly, and to abandon one of their Cannon, after the Loſs of 100 of their Men killed and 150 wounded. The Genoeſe have ſent a freſh Supply to the Iſland of Proviſions and Ammunition. On the other hand, the Baron de Neuhoff makes his Party believe every Day, that a ſtrong Reinforcement is coming; and a Veſſel lately arrived at the Port of Aleria, ſaid to come from Catalonia, the Maſter of which put ſome Goods aſhore, and ſent a Packet to the Baron, whoſe chief Care at this Juncture is to prevent the Conſequences of the Diviſion that has happened among the Malecontents; thoſe who ſeparated from him with a Deſign not to rendezvouſe for him again, till they had ſeen the Effects of his Promiſes, continuing ſteadfaſt in that Reſolution.

Some Advices from Italy ſay, 'tis given out there, that no leſs than 20,000 Men are to be embark'd at Barcelona for ſome important Enterprize; and 'tis pretended that the Duke de Montemar is to join that Army with the Troops that he commands in Tuſcany.

The Portugueſe Miniſter at the Hague, has had Conferences with the Lords the States General, upon the Hoſtilities committed by the Spaniards of Paraguay againſt the Portugueſe of the neighbouring Countries, and of the Attack made upon the Portugueſe Colony of St. Sacrament, by the Governor of Buenos Ayres.

Laſt Sunday Se'nnight dy'd at his Seat in Fife, the Right Hon. Alexander Earl of Balcarras, one of the 16 Scoth Peers, and Colonel of a Company in the 2d Regiment of Foot Guards; and dying without Iſſue, his Lordſhip is ſucceded in Honour and Eſtate, by his Brother James Lindſay, who is a Captain in his Majeſty's Land Forces. The Deceaſed, who marry'd Mrs. Scot, Daughter to Mr. Scot of Scotſtaruit, was a Perſon univerſally beloved, and is now as much regretted.

Laſt Saturday Se'nnight, one Hugh Mc Donald ſtood in the Pillory at Dublin, for forging an Order for the Payment of ſix Months Penſion Money, in the Name of one of the Out-Penſioners of Chelſea Hoſpital.

They write from Drumbanaher, a Place within four Miles of Newry, in Ireland; that one Robert Moorhead aged 119, was marry'd about a Fortnight ago to Sarah Hamilton, aged 19.

They write from Briſtol; That laſt Monday Se'nnight, two Rogues enter'd the back Part of Mr. Churhman's

man's House, the Chocolate maker, in Broadmead, and as one of the Servant Maids was washing her Hands by a large Stone Trough, which was then full of Water between two Pumps in his Pavement, suddenly came behind her and put the Candle out, and immediately took her by the Shoulders and Feet, and threw her into the Trough, with an Intent to drown her; but she struggling very hard, kept her Head above the Water, by her Hands fasten'd on each Side the Trough; finding they could not sink her Head to prevent her Shrieks, one of them stuffed her Mouth with something very hard, and said, Pump her; but the other reply'd, Damn her, Stab her. Mr. Churchman then in the fore Part of his House hearing the Maid's Cries, (as did all his Servants and Neighbours adjacent) he instantly ran with several lighted Candles in one Hand, and a Weapon in the other, with several Servants after him, to the Maid's Relief; the Rogues hearing their Noise, and seeing the Light, made off through his Garden Door, which then lay open, and went over the Garden Wall by the Help of a Pole which was left behind. The Maid being almost drowned and spent, with Blood about her Mouth, was taken out of the Trough, and with proper Care is since recovered. By the Maid's Description of one of them, a Fellow in the Neighbourhood is suspected; and the House has since been well guarded.

Last Friday two Foot-Pads were apprehended at Bedminster; they had a little before knock'd down a Man and robb'd him of 6 l.

Last Saturday was Se'nnight a Man was robb'd of two Shillings, and flung into a Ditch, near the Redcliff Glass-Houses, by several Foot-Pads.

A Copy of the Printed Paper, which by Order of the Justices of Peace, and Deputy Lieutenants in the Tower Hamlets, has been distributed among the Inhabitants, and fixed up at the Corners of the Streets, and at other publick Places in the said Hamlets.

A Kind Caution to Rioters, and to all the Inhabitants of this Neighbourhood.

By an Act of Parliament made in the First Year of the Reign of King *George* the First, which is still in Force,

It is Enacted, That if any Persons unlawfully, riotously, and tumultously assembled together, to the Disturbance of the Publick Peace, shall unlawfully, and with Force demolish or pull down, any Dwelling-house, &c. then every such demolishing or pulling down, or beginning to demolish or pull down, shall be adjudged Felony without the Benefit of Clergy; and the Offenders therein, shall be adjudged Felons, and shall suffer Death as in Case of Felony, without Benefit of Clergy.

And it is farther Enacted, That if any such Dwelling-house, &c. shall be demolished or pulled down wholly, or in part, by any Persons so unlawfully, riotously, and tumultously assembled, then the Inhabitants of the Hundred, in which such Damage shall be done, shall be liable to yield Damages to the Person or Persons injured and damnified by such demolishing or pulling down wholly, or in part; and such Damages shall be recovered by Action, to be brought in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at *Westminster*, by the Person or Persons damnified thereby, against any two or more of the Inhabitants of such Hundred, and that Judgment being given for the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs in such Action, the Damages so to be recovered, shall, at the Request of such Plaintiff or Plaintiffs, be raised and levied on the Inhabitants of such Hundred, and paid to such Plaintiff or Plaintiffs in such Manner and Form, and by such Ways and Means, as are provided by the Statute made in the 27th Year of the Reign of Queen *Elizabeth*, for reimbursing the Person or Persons on whom any Money recovered against any Hundred, by any Party rob'd shall be levied.

This Day the Right Hon. the Lord Chancellor comes to Town from his Seat at Croydon, in order to hold the Third General Seal after Trinity Term at Lincoln's-Inn Hall.

A few Days since the Rev. George Wilks, B. L. was Inducted into the Living of Gales, otherwise East Gale, in the County of Sussex and Diocese of Chichester, vacant by the Death of the last Incumbent.

Last Wednesday Se'nnight the Rev. Mr. Wolridge, M. A. Chaplain to the Right Honourable the Earl of Rutherford, and Vicar of Maker in the County of Cornwall and Diocese of Exeter, was Inducted into the Vicarage of Broad Hernston in the County of Devon, and Diocese aforesaid.

Last Saturday Morning the Officers of his Majesty's Customs made a Seizure of 16 half Anchors of Brandy, and near 700 lb. of Tea, in a Barn at Craneford in the County of Middlesex.

☞ A great Number of Hands are employed in making a new Square at Greenwich Hospital, pursuant to a late Act of Parliament.

On Sunday last a Gentleman well dress'd, riding very swift in the King's Road, was unfortunately flung off his Horse near the Sign of the World's End, and was killed on the Spot.

Yesterday Taverner Devett was committed to Newgate by Justice Midford, for being concerned with several others, in breeding a Riot at Charing-cross on Sunday Night last.

The same Day Anne Field was committed to the said Gaol, for stealing a Gold Locket from a Gentlewoman's Side.

The same Night Elizabeth Studear, and Diana Street, were committed to the said Gaol by Justice Farmer, for House-breaking.

Yesterday a Woman was committed to the Gate-House Westminster, by Justice Manley, for Shoplifting.

Yesterday Bank Stock was 149 1-4th. India 172 1-half. South Sea 99. Old Annuity 113 7-8ths. New ditto 110 7-ths. Three per Cent. 103 3-8ths. Emperor's Loan 115 1-half. Royal-Assurance 110. London-Assurance 14 3-8ths. African 16. India Bonds 7 l. 2 s. Premium. Three per Cent. ditto 5 l. 14 s. Premium. South-Sea Bonds 5 l. 19 s. Prem. New Bank Circulation 7 l. 10 s. Prem. Salt Tallies 3 3-4ths to 6 Prem. English Copper 2 l. 6 s. Welsh ditto, no Price. Three 1-half per Cent. Exchequer Orders 106 85-8ths per Cent. Premium. Million Bank 115 1 half.

This Day is Published,

A Charge to the Clergy within the Archdeaconry of Bedford: In which are some Remarks concerning the late Application of the Dissenters for a Repeal of the Test Act. Delivered at a Visitation held at Ampthill, April 30, 1736. To which is prefix'd, a former Charge, containing some Animadversions on the Growth of Infidelity, and the Means to be used in opposing the same as far as relates to the Clergy of the Establish'd Church. By John Dudley, M. A. Archdeacon of Bedford. Publish'd at the Request of the Clergy.

Oxford: Printed by L. Lichfield near East Gate, and are to be sold by A. Peisley and Mary Fletcher, Booksellers in Oxford; T. Osborne in Gray's-Inn, and J. Roberts in Warwick-Lane, London.

This Day is Published,

THE Present State of the Republick of Letters for the Month of JULY 1736. Giving a General View of the State of Learning throughout Europe; and containing not only an early Account, but accurate Abstracts of the most valuable Books published in *Great Britain*, or Foreign Parts. Interspersed with Dissertations on several Curious and Entertaing Subjects; Miscellaneous Reflections on Authors, and Historical Memoirs of the Lives of the most Eminent Writers in all Branches of Polite Literature. This Month contains;

I. The Cure of Deism, 2 Vols. 8vo.

II The first Part of Dr. Butler's Analogy of Religion, Natural and Revealed, to the Constitution and Course of Nature.

III. The third and last Part of the Alliance between Church and State.

IV. Considerations upon some Passages of a Dissertation concerning the Doctrine of Fluxions, published by Mr. Robins in the Republick of Letters for April last.

By PHILALETHES CANTABRIGIENSIS.

Printed for W. Innys and R. Manby, at the West End of St-Pauls.

BOOKS printed for T. WOODWARD, *at the Half-Moon between the two Temple Gates in Fleet-street.*

1. A State of the Proceedings of the Corporation of the Governors of the Bounty of Queen Anne, for the Augmentation of the Maintenance of the poor Clergy. Giving a particular Account of their Constitution, Benefactions and Augmentations; with Directions to such as desire to become Benefactors to so pious and charitable a Work. The 2d Edition. By Mr. Ecton.

2. Mr. Ecton's Account of Ecclesiastical Benefices in England and Wales.

3. The Life of Mr. Chillingworth, by M. Des Maizeaux.

4. A Vindication of the Septuagint, from the Misrepresentations of Scaliger, Dupin, Dr. Hody, Dr. Prideaux, and other Modern Criticks.

5. That important Case of Conscience practically resolved; wherein lies that exact Righteousness which is required between Man and Man. A Sermon preached at Cripplegate in the Year 1661. By John Tillotson, M. A. and then published by himself, but hitherto omitted in his Lordship's Works. Price 1 s.

6. Dr Roger's 17 Sermons on several Occasions.

7. Bishop Atterbury's Sermons in 4 Vols. 8vo.

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IV. An Alphabetical List of the Proper Names of Men and Women, with their Abbreviations.

V. Familiar Phrases and Dialogues, disposed in three Columns, viz. 1. The French as written and spelt. 2. The English. 3. The French as pronounced.

VI. A choice Collection of French and English Proverbs.

VII. A Collection of French Songs.

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They are sealed up at 5 s. the Parcel, which is generally sufficient for a compleat Cure, especially on a young Person, and are now sold only by Mr. Titenbourn at the Golden Ball a Cutler's Shop in the Minories, near Aldgate.

The World might have had many Certificates of Cures on Persons of all Ages, from Children of a few Months old, to grown Persons of 60 Years or upwards; but for the great Hindrance, People being utterly averse to let it be known that they ever had such an Infirmity: Yet Mr. Titchbourn will satisfy such as are Curious, of the Particulars of what is related above, concerning some of the Cures performed by he sold it; also, give Testimony, concerning some of the Persons that were Cured in his Predecessor's Time, from the Mouth of such as had been Cured, and came to his Shop to declare it.

N. B. *Such Persons as are not provided with an easy Truss or proper Bandage, in order to use the Medicine till the Cure is compleated, may be supply'd by Mr. Titchbourn with cheap and easy Trusses of all Sorts proper for the Occasion, for Persons of either Sex, or any Age; his Wife assists those of her own Sex. Persons in the Country, sending what Side the Rupture is on, and how big they are round the Waist, may be fitted with a Truss, and have it sent with the Medicine.*

No Letters received except Post paid.

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